

- Q.5 After the stroke N and Ng _____ is written downward
- a) Initial L b) Final L
c) Medial L d) None of these
- Q.6 The aspirate is added to W by enlarging the _____.
- a) Circle b) Curve
c) Hook d) Loop

SECTION-B

Note: Objective/ Completion type questions. All questions are compulsory. (6x1=6)

- Q.7 Define L Hook to Curve Strokes.
- Q.8 Define LN and SH N.
- Q.9 Define SHR and SHL.
- Q.10 Tick H may be employed medially in phrasing but not in word. (True/False)
- Q.11 Shun hook is written inside the curve. (True/False)
- Q.12 There is no f/v hooks to curve strokes. (True/False)

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any eight questions out of ten questions. (8x4=32)

- Q.13 Write a detailed note on F/V hooks to straight and curve strokes with examples.
- Q.14 State the use of Stroke L and Circle.
- Q.15 Explain the initial hooks to straight strokes with examples.

- Q.16 Explain use of NG to small hook.
- Q.17 Explain the final Hook N with examples.
- Q.18 Write the rules regarding the use of Tick H.
- Q.19 Define N Hook. Discuss the rules when N & F-V hooks used Medially.
- Q.20 Explain Medial R with example.
- Q.21 Define Upward L. Discuss the rules L after N and NG with examples.
- Q.22 Write a detailed note on upward and downward Sh with examples.

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x8=16)

- Q.23 Explain Compound Consonants in shorthand with examples.
- Q.24 Explain with example the rules of upward and downward 'L and SH.'
- Q.25 Write a detailed note on final hooks to straight and curve strokes with examples.