

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x8=16)

- Q.23 Discuss the working principle of fabric stiffness tester with the help of well-illustrated diagram.
- Q.24 Discuss the measurement of fabric thickness. Also explain how GSM (Grams per square Meter) is determined and its significance.
- Q.25 What are common fabric defects? How can they be identified and what are the appropriate remedial measures for each?

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5th Sem / Textile Design

Subject : Testing & Quality Control - II

Time : 3 Hrs.

M.M. : 60

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (6x1=6)

- Q.1 CRT stands for:
- a) Constant Rate of Traverse
 - b) Constant Rotation Test
 - c) Constant Rate of Testing
 - d) Cross Rate Testing
- Q.2 Which principle is used in the Single Yarn Strength Tester?
- a) CRE
 - b) CRT
 - c) CRL
 - d) None of the above
- Q.3 CSP stands for:
- a) Constant Strength Product
 - b) Count Strength Product

- c) Cotton Strength Potential
- d) Crimp Strength Parameter

Q.4 Fabric weight is usually measured in:

- a) N/m b) g/m²
- c) lb/ft² d) kg/cm²

Q.5 The Elmendorf tester is used to measure:

- a) Tearing strength b) Crease resistance
- c) Stiffness d) None of the above

Q.6 Martindale Abrasion Tester is used to measure :

- a) Tensile strength b) Abrasion resistance
- c) Crease recovery d) Fabric weight

SECTION-B

Note: Objective/ Completion type questions. All questions are compulsory. (6x1=6)

- Q.7 A _____ tester is used to evaluate fabric abrasion.
- Q.8 GSM of a fabric increases with yarn thickness. (T/F)
- Q.9 _____ recovery indicates the ability of fabric to resist wrinkling.
- Q.10 Martindale tester test color fastness.(T/F)

Q.11 Fabric stiffness is measured using a _____ tester.

Q.12 Define crimp.

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any eight questions out of ten questions. (8x4=32)

- Q.13 Define CRT and CRE principles with diagrams.
- Q.14 What is bursting strength? Name the equipment used to measure it.
- Q.15 Explain the working principle of the Elmendorf tearing tester.
- Q.16 Write a short note on the cut strip method.
- Q.17 Define the common tensile strength test methods for fabric.
- Q.18 How is fabric GSM measured and why is it important?
- Q.19 Define crimp. How is it measured in warp and weft yarns?
- Q.20 Describe the working principle of a single yarn strength tester.
- Q.21 What is fabric thickness and how is it measured?
- Q.22 What is CSP? How is it calculated?